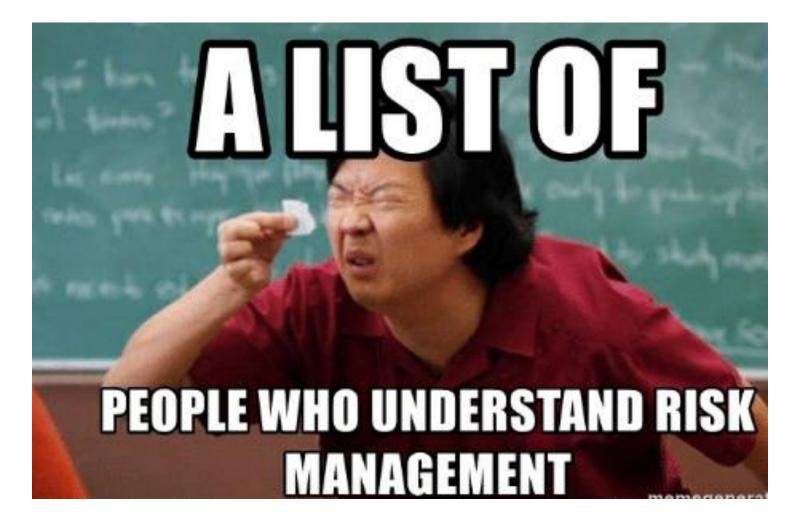
The Dark Arts Of Risk Management







Approach for today

- GRC Three Lines of Defence
- Risk Terminology
- Operational Risk Framework
- Risk Appetite, Tolerance & Capacity
- Risk appetite setting
- Risk monitoring & reporting
- Regulators View
- Operational Considerations
- Risk Maturity Model
- Risk Management Systems



Question: Where are we on our Risk Management Journey?





Question: Do You Know What Good vs. Bad Risk Management Looks Like?





Risk Terminology

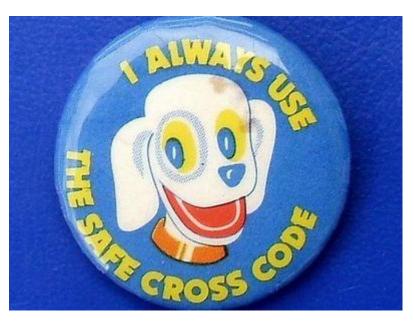
- Risk framework
- Risk appetite
- Risk tolerance
- Risk capacity
- Risk universe
- Risk indicators / Key Risk Indicator's
- Loss events / incidents
- Risk reporting and documentation
- Quantitative and Qualitative risk analysis

- Risk causes
- Risk consequences
- Risk mitigation
- Risk controls
- Risk assessment
- Risk root cause analysis
- Inherent Risk & Residual Risk
- Impact & Probability Matrix
- Emerging risks



We are all Risk Officers

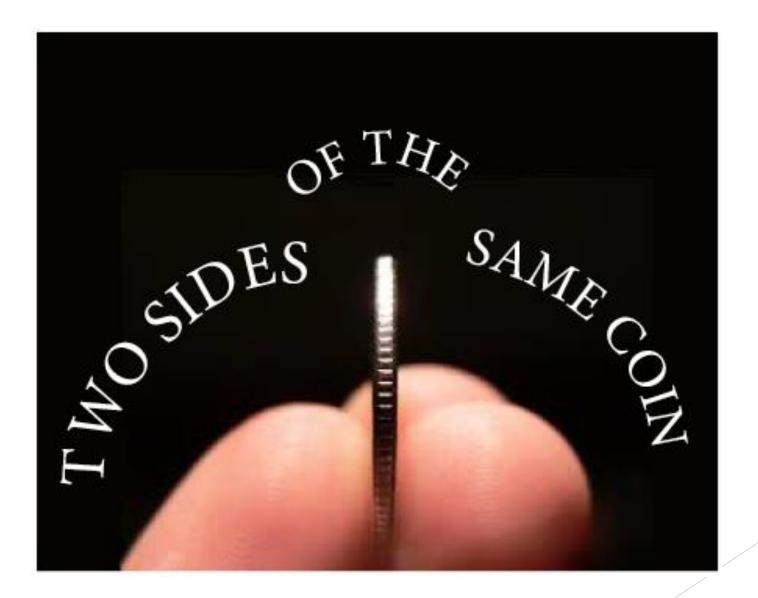




RTÊ News

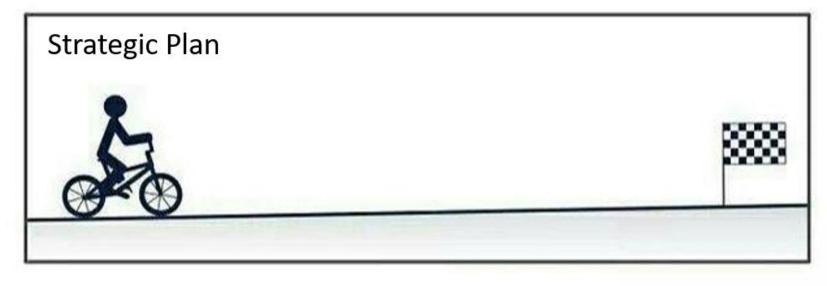


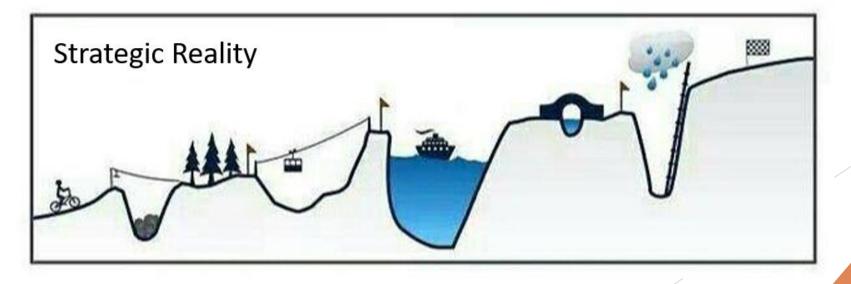
Risk Management and Strategic Planning





Strategic Plan and Risk Management







Strategic Plan & Risk Management

REVPARTNERS IT Services results - Anality Physical Service particle Other services provider Blackbardses provider	KEYACTIVITIES - Scalage - provide - Provide - Provide - Scalage - Scala	PROPOSITIONS Personillaris Personillaris Personillaris Distr	MEMBER BERATIONS Barcharton Post Collegene Set Servicesatives CHANNELS CHANNELS Barchare Internet Set Services Internet Althormal Mater	CDMMOHIGOND Mismellis - Niends - Dermand - Dermand - Dermand - Espectations - Behaviours Competitors [existing&new] Eenemic conditions [national and local]		
COSI STRUCTURE REVENUE STREAMS Safting costs Safting costs Developed Safting costs Saf						
Financial Performance & Balance Sheet						
Marketing Operational Financial						

Risk Appetite

Risk Management Capability

GOVERNANCE RISK COMPLIANCE

Risk Capacity

Risk Is A Balancing Act





How Much Risk Are You Prepared to Take?



CALCULATED RISKS



RISK VS. REWARD



RISK VS. REWARD



HEIREX

YOUR REWARD

I SAID HIGH RISK

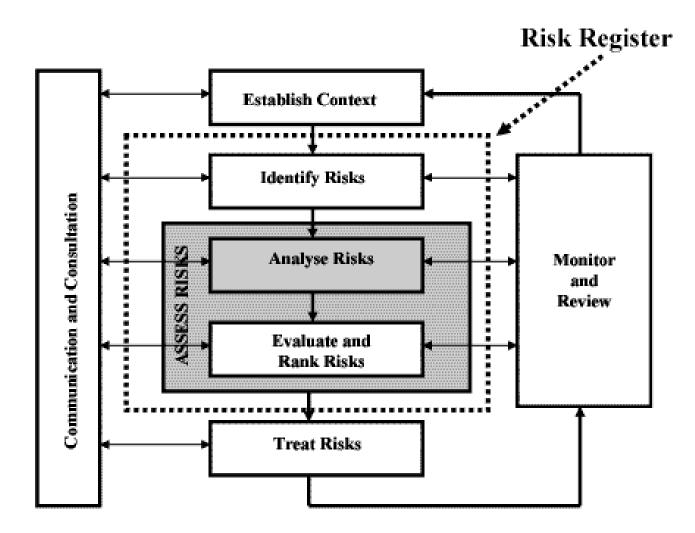
GRC Framework

The Three Lines of Defense Model



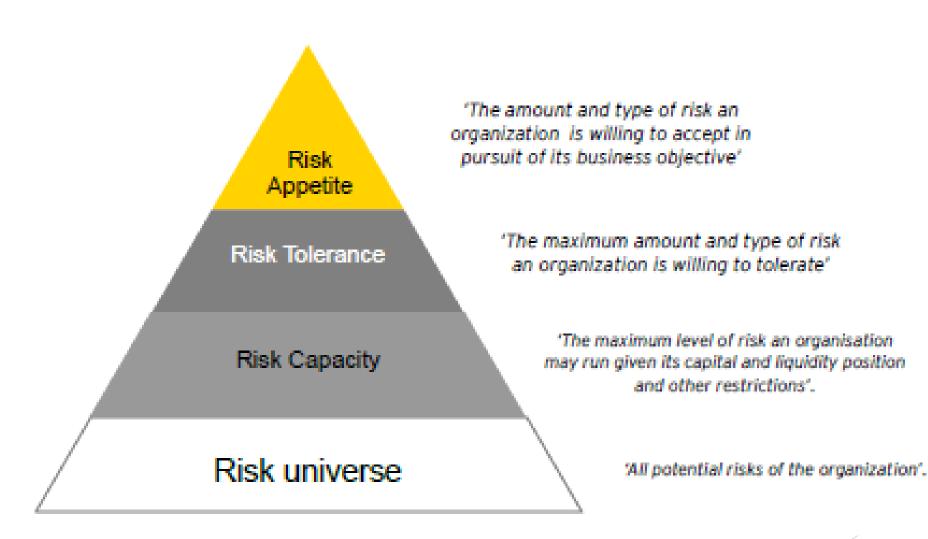


Risk Framework





Risk Framework - Bottom-Up vs Top Down



WHELAN DOWLING & ASSOCIATES

Risk Appetite Statement - Survey Results

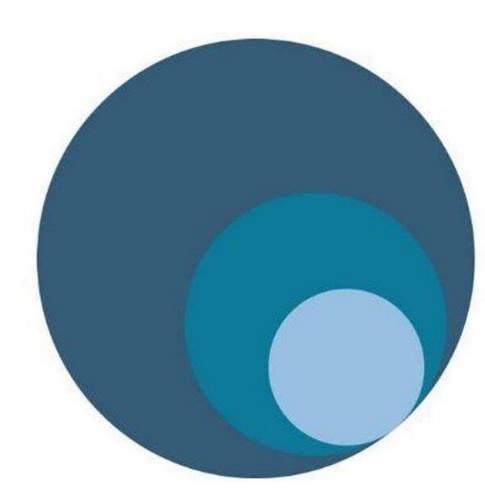
9. Does your organisation have a Risk Appetite Statement?

More Details

0	Yes	5
•	No	9

Don't know what this is, need m... 4





An Rialálaí Carthanas

Charities Regulator



Regulator Guidance on Risk

Risk Management for Charities

An Rialálaí Carthanas Charities Regulator



Review of Guidance & Sample Risk Register

- 7 pages of which 2 are filler (cover pages)
- No mention of Risk Appetite Statement
- No mention of Risk Capacity, Tolerance or Limits
- Limited guidance on reporting
- No sample Risks or worked risk scoring example
- Provides some guidance on 7 risk categories
- No discussion of risk events, leading indicators, near misses, loss events, etc
- No mention Internal Controls and Effectiveness Review
- No discussion of the alignment of Risk and Strategy



Risk Categories - Provides Limited Guidance

- Governance
- Strategy
- Compliance (Legal & Regulatory)
- Operational
- Financial
- Environmental
- Reputational



Regulator Sample Risk Register

	Risk Register – [Insert Charity Name here]								
Risk No	Description of Potential Risk	Description of Potential Impact	Risk Owner	Steps to Mitigate	Monitoring Frequency	Likelihood (1-5)	Impact (1-5)	Controls (1-3)	Risk Rating
		•	•	Risk Category: Gove	rnance	•			
1	[Insert description of risk]	[Insert description]	[Insert text]	[insert text]	[<mark>insert text</mark>]	[<mark>Insert</mark> rating]	[<mark>Insert</mark> rating]	[<mark>Insert</mark> rating]	
2	[Insert description of risk]	[Insert description]	[Insert text]	[insert text]	[<mark>Insert text</mark>]	[<mark>Insert</mark> rating]	[Insert rating]	[<mark>Insert</mark> rating]	
				Risk Category: Stra					
1	[Insert description of <mark>risk</mark>]	[Insert description]	[Insert text]	[Insert text]	[Insert text]	[Insert rating]	[Insert rating]	[Insert rating]	
2	[Insert description of risk]	[Insert description]	[Insert text]	[Insert text]	[Insert text]	[<mark>Insert</mark> rating]	[<mark>Insert</mark> rating]	[<mark>Insert</mark> rating]	
		•	Risk	Category: Compliance (Le	gal or Regulatory)	•			
1	[Insert description of risk]	[Insert description]	[Insert text]	[insert text]	[<mark>insert text</mark>]	[<mark>Insert</mark> rating]	[<mark>Insert</mark> rating]	[<mark>Insert</mark> rating]	
2	[Insert description of risk]	[Insert description]	[Insert text]	[insert text]	[<mark>insert text</mark>]	[<mark>Insert</mark> rating]	[<mark>Insert</mark> rating]	[<mark>Insert</mark> rating]	

In Word Document instead of Excel



Regulator Sample Risk Register

The Matrix for assessing impact, likelihood and effectiveness of existing controls

Each risk is scored in terms of:

- * likelihood i.e. the probability of future occurrence, how likely the risk it is that the risk will occur and how frequently it has occurred in the past.
- * impact i.e. the impact on the organisation and external stakeholders if the risk occurs.
- * effectiveness of existing controls i.e. given the controls which are currently in place, how effective are they at mitigating the risk.

A scale of 1 to 5 is used for Likelihood and Impact, and 1 to 3 is used for the effectiveness of existing Controls, according to the following matrix:

Likelihood	Impact	Controls
Scale of 1 - 5	Scale of 1 - 5	Scale of 1 - 3
1 = Rarely, if ever	1 = No significant impact	1 = Controls highly effective
2 = Possible	2 = Minor impact	2 = Controls effective, but could be improved
3 = Likely	3 = Significant but containable impact	3 = No controls / controls are ineffective
4 = Very Likely	4 = High impact	
5 = Unavoidable / already occurring	5 = Extremely detrimental impact	

The risk score is determined by multiplying the risk impact by the risk likelihood by the effectiveness of the controls.

The following traffic light system can be used on a risk register to highlight / prioritise risk:

Risk Level	Risk Score	Action / Response		
High	25+	[Insert text here regarding the action your charity will take for risks rated High]		
Medium	13 - 24	[Insert text here regarding the action your charity will take for risks rated Medium]		
Low	0 - 12	[Insert text here regarding the action your charity will take for risks rated Low]		



nc Ceannais na hÉireann ntral Bank of Ireland

Thematic Review of Risk Management Maturity in Credit Unions Banc Cea Central B Eurosystem

PRISM Supervisory Commentary 2020

Registry of Credit Unions – November 2021



Registry of Credit Unions

September 2020



Central Bank of Irelan



Banc Ceannais na hÉireann Central Bank of Ireland

PRISM Supervisory Commentary 2019

PRISM Supervisory Commentary 2018

April 2019

Registry of Credit Unions

March 2018



arosystem

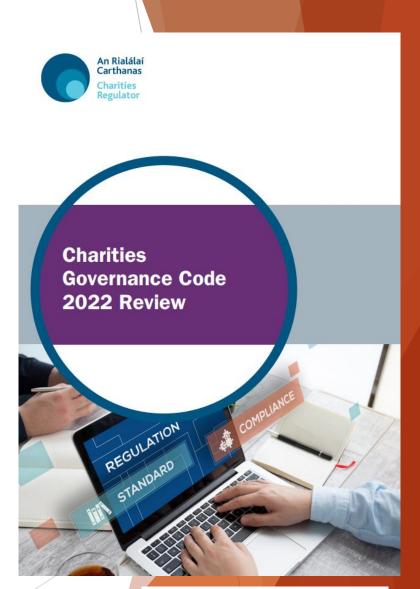
		Areas for Improvement
	Board Ownership & Oversight	 <u>Board Discussion</u>: Lack of evidence of robust discussion of issues arising from Risk Management Reports or relating to risk management in general, at Board/Committee meetings; <u>Risk Committee</u>: Over-dependency leading to lack of ownership or oversight by the Board of Directors; <u>RMO Attendance</u>: Infrequent attendance of RMO at Board meetings to discuss risk management issues arising; <u>Ownership of Risk Mitigating Actions</u>: Lack of ownership and communication of actions from Board to mitigate risk identified by RMO; <u>Policies, Procedures and Documentation</u>: Documentation relating to Risk Management not subject to regular review by the Board; <u>Strategy</u>: Limited involvement of RMO in reviewing the credit union's strategic plan.
Board of	RMF: Structure and Framework	 <u>Policies, Procedures and Documentation</u>: Documentation not consistent with what the credit union is doing in practice; <u>Risk Register:</u> Impractical Risk Register, not reflective of the risks facing the credit union; <u>Front Line Staff:</u> Limited front line staff interaction with RMF; Limited involvement of front line staff in risk identification; <u>Independence of the RMF</u>: RMO with no direct reporting line to the Board or Risk Committee. Raises concerns regarding the independence of the RMF; <u>Potential Conflict of Interest</u>: Instances where the RMO has an additional important operational role.
Directors*	Risk Reporting	 <u>Timing of Risk Reporting</u>: Infrequent presentation of risk reports to the Board; <u>Quality of Risk Reporting</u>: Reports not clear and concise; Identification of risk for the risk register – large number of risks on the risk register – risks identified, not in line with main risks facing the credit unions.
	Training & Culture	 <u>Training</u>: Lack of a dedicated training plan for Board of Directors or front line staff, specific to the credit union's Risk Management Framework to ensure clarity on all roles and responsibilities in relation to risk management. <u>Culture</u>: Poor engagement and communication between the Board and the three lines of defence on risk management
Banc Ceannais na h Central Bank of Irel	orer arenning respons	ibility rests with the Board of Directors

Governance Code Review 2022

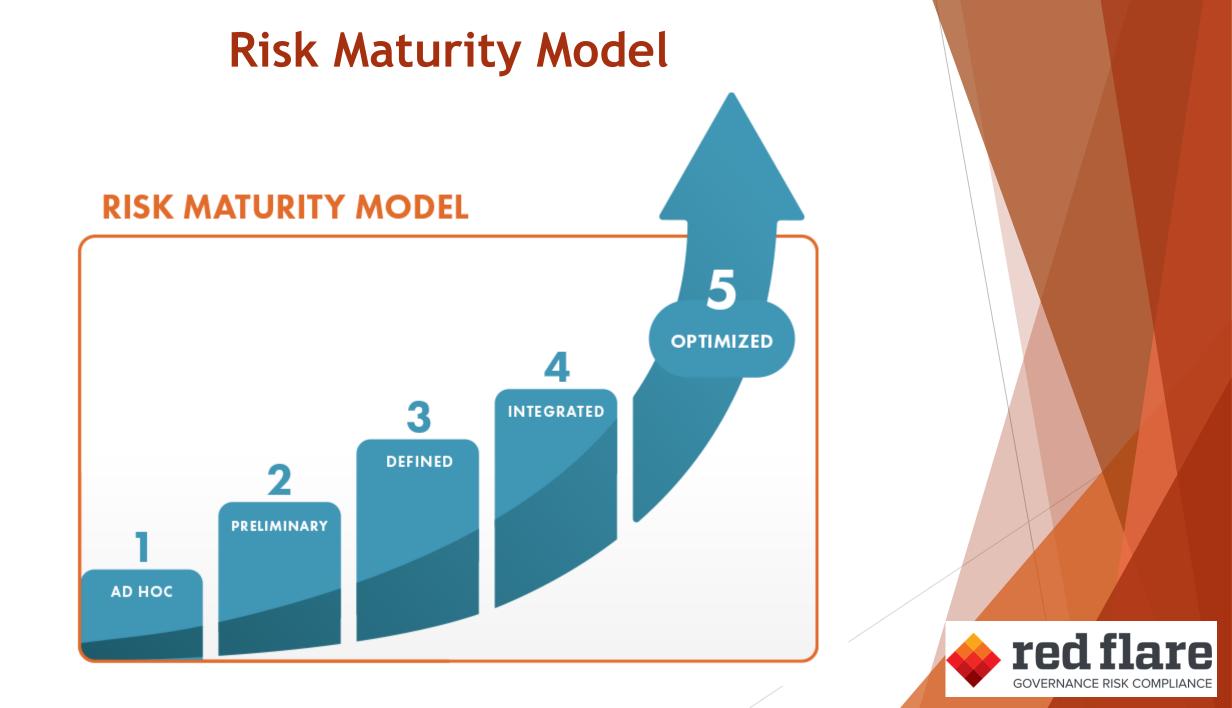
4.3 The Charities Governance Code sets out the minimum standards that charity trustees should meet to effectively manage and control their charity. The following Charities Governance Code standards were identified as the standards with which registered charities making Charities Governance Code declarations were least compliant overall:

Charities Regulator

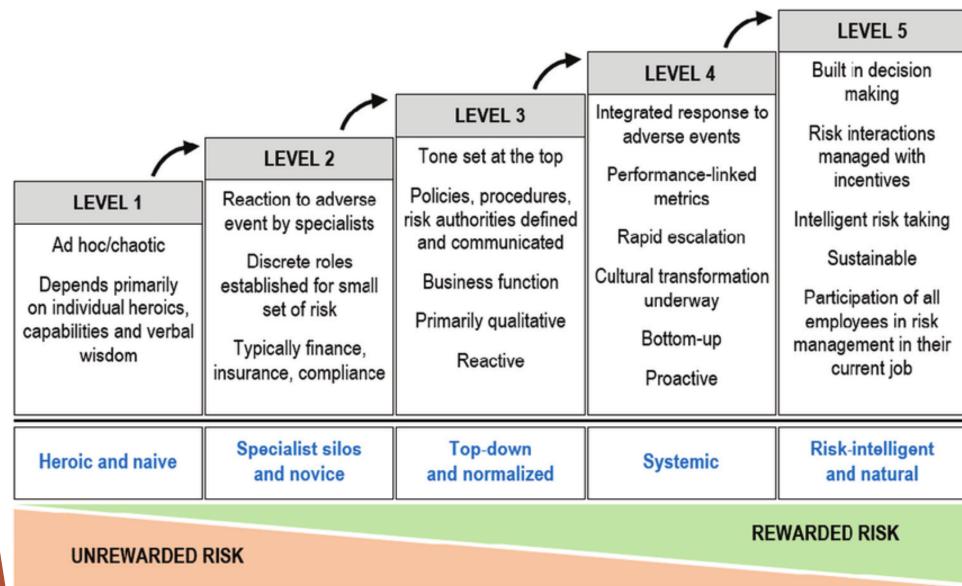
- · Standard 4.5 Identify any risks your charity might face and how to manage these;
- Standard 5.5 Consider introducing term limits for your charity trustees, with a suggested maximum of nine years in total;
- Standard 5.9 From time to time, review how your board operates and make any necessary improvements.







Risk Maturity Model





Risk Maturity Assessment

		RISK MANAGEMENT ADOPTION MATURITY					
	Learner	Developer	Performer	Contender	World Class		
Process Use of Standards tools and techniques Adoption Knowledge of risk management discipline Culture Risk		Aware of techniques but no formal application of Standards 2	Use of Standards and risk management tools 3	Regular use of Standards and risk management tools 4	Sound understanding of standards, good us of tools to support process		
Adoption Knowledge of risk management discipline	Little knowledge of risk management discipline 1	Aware of risk management, not dear on how it may benefit the organisation 2	Understanding of risk management across some parts of the organisation 3	Sound knowledge of risk management and its value to the organisation 4	High degree of organisational awareness and knowledge of risk management		
Culture Risk management activities undertaken	No formal risk management activities undertaken	Conduct some risk management activities (ad hoc). Insufficient resources 2	Have risk management framework and carry out risk management when time permits 3	Formal risk management programme in place 4	Risk management embedded in the organisation and decision making		
Visibility & Control Awareness of benefits and value	Unsure how risk management may benefit the organisation	Aware of needs to conduct formalised risk management, not clear on broader organisational benefits 2	Aware of benefits of risk management with brings to the organisation 3	Aware of benefits of risk management with deployment across the organisation	Risk management incorporated into business planning and strategic thinking		



CBI - % of risk issues identified by risk category 2020

Breakdown of risk issues by category across both asset classifications





CRA Compliance Report Concerns 2022

Category	No. of Concerns 2021	% 2021	No. of Concerns 2022	% 2022	2021 - 2022 % comparison
Governance Issues	209	37%	232	36%	-1%
Legitimacy of Charity	196	35%	226	35%	0%
Financial Control and Transparency	107	19%	106	17%	-2%
Misdirected Concerns - issues outside Charities Regulator's remit	28	5%	43	7%	+2%
Harm to Beneficiaries	14	2%	13	2%	0%
Private Benefit	13	2%	13	2%	0%
Inappropriate Political Campaigning	1	0%	9	1%	+1%



Governance Risks - CBI Findings

Risk & Compliance

- Weaknesses in the risk management and compliance functions
- Weaknesses in risk and compliance reports
- Inconsistencies between documented Risk Appetite and policies
- The top risks, as documented by the credit union, not being reflective of the risk profile of the credit union

Board Procedures and Performance Management

- Failure by the board to formally respond to issues raised in the Risk Management, Internal Audit and Compliance reports
- Lack of dedicated resources focused on key challenges facing the credit union
- Poor attendance at board of directors meetings

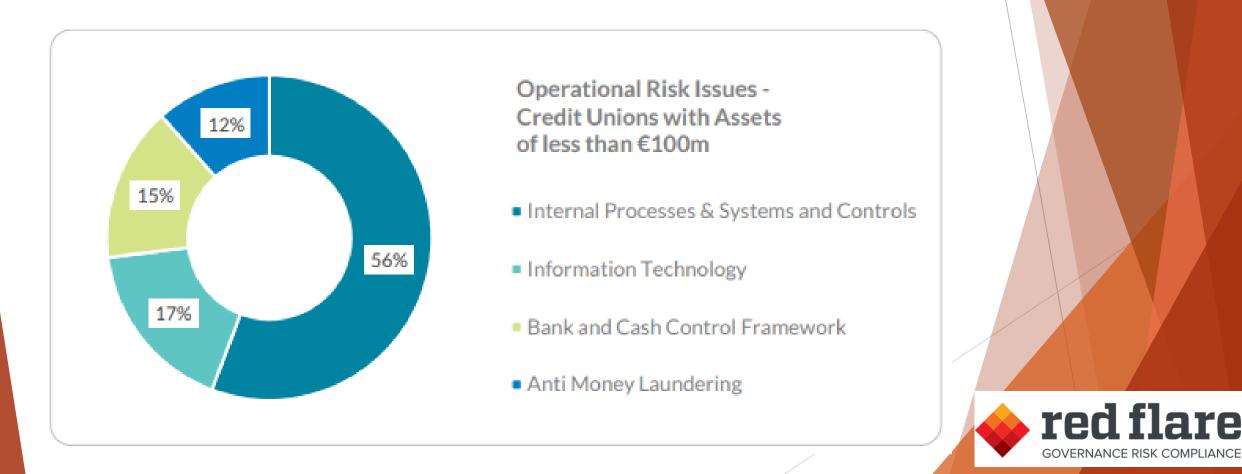
Internal Audit

Weaknesses in Internal Audit reports being presented to boards



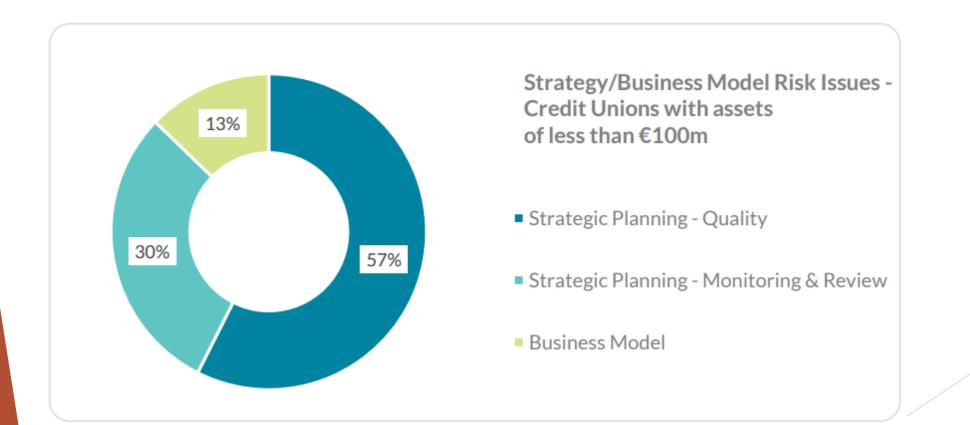
Operational Risks 2020

Of the 57 credit unions with assets less than €100m that received an RMP during the review period, 52 credit unions (91%) were found to have operational risk issues a high proportion of issues identified related to 'Internal Processes & Systems and Controls' reflecting the focus of our desk based engagements.



Strategy Risks 2020

Of the 57 credit unions with assets of less than €100m issued an RMP during the review period, 40 (70%) were found to have strategy/business model risk issues.





Governance Risks 2020

Of the 57 credit unions with assets of less than €100m that received an RMP during the review period, 42 (74%) were found to have governance risk issues.





Risk Appetite & Capacity is Set By the Board!!



Risk Culture - Tone For The Top





What is Risk Appetite Statement?

A Risk Appetite Statement (RAS) is a clear and concise statement that outlines what our Charity (CLG) is willing to do in pursuit of its strategic and business objectives. It is an articulation of the type and degree of risk that the CLG is prepared to accept in pursuit of its strategic and business objectives. The setting of our RAS is not about the elimination of all risk; rather it is about embracing risk in areas in which the Management/Board has the appropriate skills, knowledge and experience to take advantage of the opportunities presented, whilst limiting risk in other areas. When considered with our strategy this explains what we'do' and what we 'don't or shouldn't!'

The strategy and risk appetite of the Charity are interlinked. "Risk appetite is as much about enabling an organisation to take on calculated risks in pursuit of long-term strategy as it is about placing constraints on activities." In that sense the RAS allows the CLG to demonstrate to stakeholders that achievement of results stem from deliberate strategy and risk allocation as opposed to happenstance. It is the view of the Board of Directors that Charity should view a risk appetite statement as a positive and dynamic document.



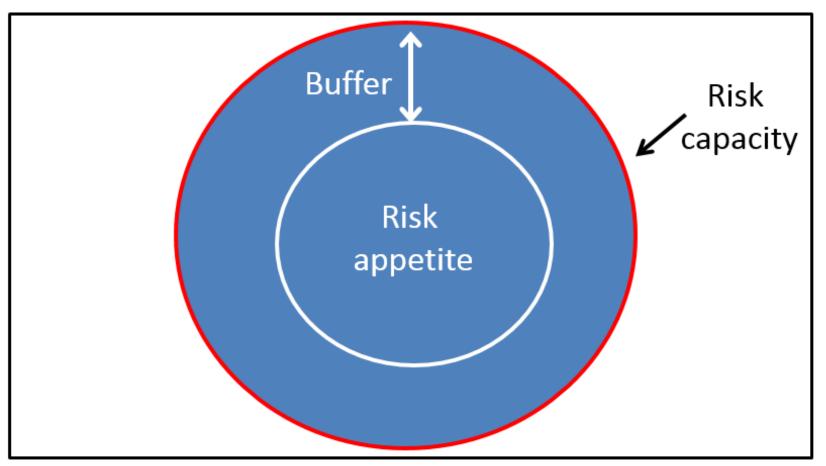
What is Risk Appetite Statement?

- Clear & Concise Statement
- Accepted risk in pursuit of business & strategic objectives
- Articulation of type & degree of risk
- Embracing risk in areas of skills, experience, knowledge
- Limiting areas of risk, skill shortage, experience, knowledge
- What we do, what we don't do and shouldn't do
- Calculated risks in pursuit of long-term strategy
- Places constraints on activities
- RAS is a positive and dynamic document



Understanding Risk Capacity

Contextualising risk capacity and appetite



Central Bank, Risk Appetite: A discussion paper 2014



Risk Appetite - Rules of Play





Top of the Pyramid - Risk Appetite

► The UK's Financial Services Authority (FSA) states:

"Risk appetite is the amount of risk that one is prepared to accept, tolerate, or be exposed to at any point in time."



Understanding Risk Capacity

Risk Capacity - The maximum amount of risk an entity is able to support within its available financial resources

✤ Versus

Risk Tolerance - The maximum amount or type of risk the entity is prepared to tolerate above risk appetite.



Top of the Pyramid - Risk Appetite

- Would you ever take up hang gliding? What about base jumping?
- Would you drive a car if the seat belt was broken? To get to an important meeting or catch a flight ... maybe?
- If you were down to your last €100, would you bet €10 on a horse after a hot tip? €20? Your whole €100?
- Would to break COVID19 restrictions / advice, for a pint, to travel to visit a friend? Spanish Holiday vrs Staycation?
- Would you cross in the middle of a busy main road to save a minute, instead walking to the pedestrian crossing?



Top of the Pyramid - Risk Appetite

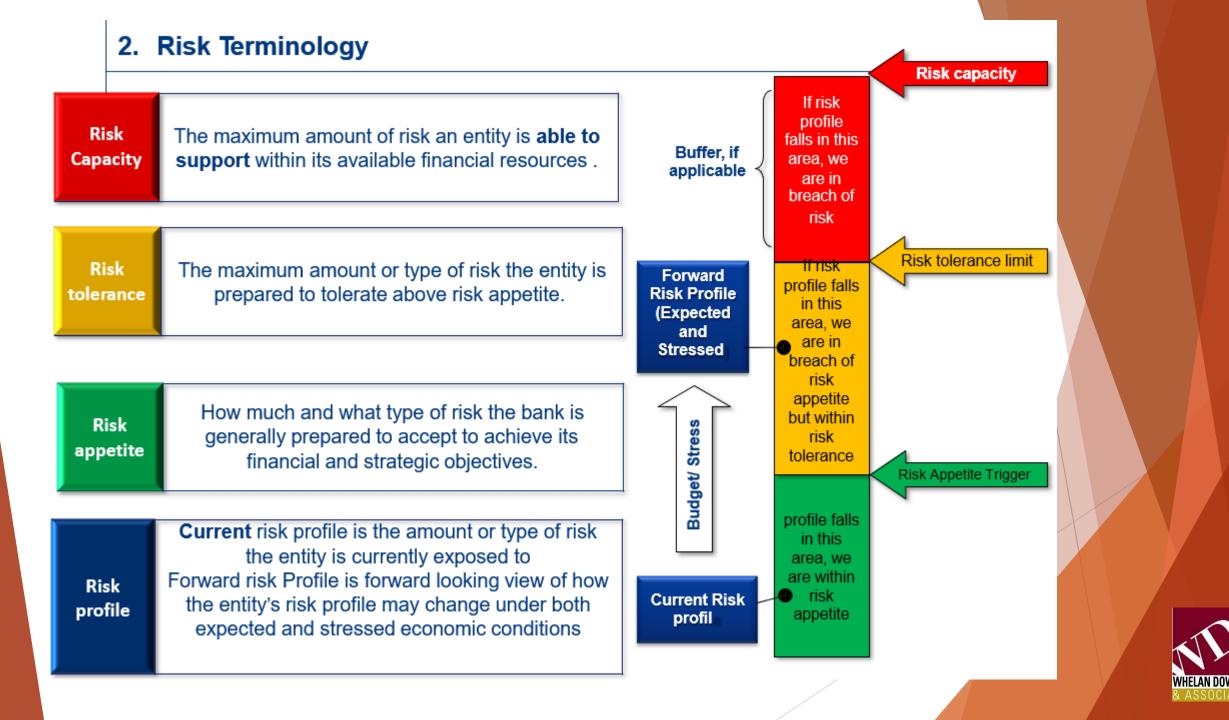
Designing risk management without defining your risk appetite is like designing a bridge without knowing which river it needs to span.



Risk Framework - Appetite Is At The Top!







Understanding Risk Tolerance

Intolerable Region

Unacceptable and unjustifiable risk (except in extraordinary circumstances). Risks must be reduced, regardless of cost.

Risk tolerance range

Residual risk is tolerable but only when further risk reduction is not practical or the cost is disproportional to the benefit. Entity makes strategic risk treatment decisions accordingly.

Tolerable Region

Risk is insignificant and cost of reduction outweighs any minimal benefit

RISK TOLERANCE RANGE

Strategic decisions

No appetite (treat immediately)

ecreasing

eve

오

risk

appetite

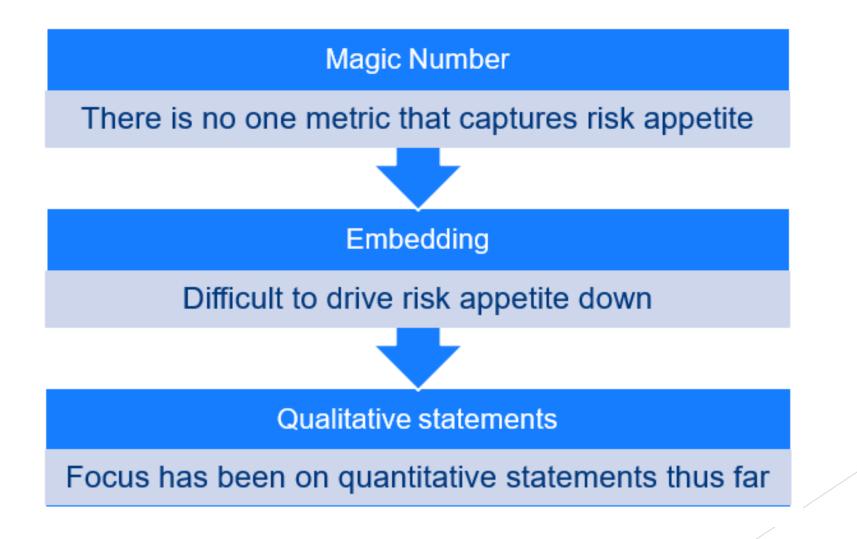
Low appetite (treat in near future)

Moderate appetite (treat in longer term)

> High appetite (monitor)



Mapping Risk Appetite to Scoring Matrix





Matching Score to Appetite

Probability

WHELAN DOWLING 8 ASSOCIATES

Impact

We All Understand Risk Appetite & Capacity





How Hungry are you on a scale of 1 - 25?

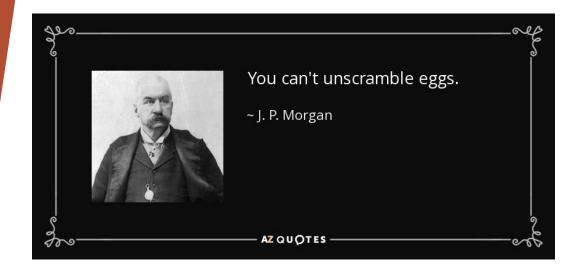
Colour Code	Risk Appetite	Description – Philosophy & Tolerance					
Zero	Stuffed – 0.1 – 5	Stuffed: You have just eaten a large meal and feel full					
Low	Peckish – 5.1 – 10	Peckish : You are starting to feel hungry and could use a snack.					
Medium	Hungry – 10.1 – 15	Hungry : You are feeling a moderate amount of hunger and need to eat something soon.					
High	Starving – 15.1 – 20	Starving : You are feeling a strong amount of hunger and are starting to get lightheaded or irritable.					
Extreme	Famished – 20.1 – 25	Famished - You are feeling extreme hunger and are desperate for food.					



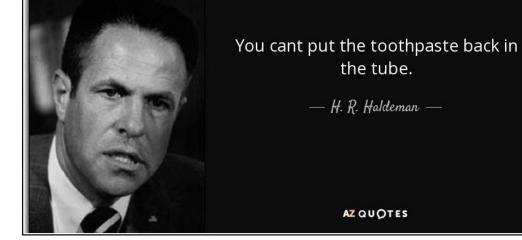
Risk Appetite Calculation Table

Colour Code	Risk Appetite	Description – Philosophy & Tolerance						
Zero	Averse – 0.1 – 5	Averse - Avoidance of risk is the core objective, unwilling to accept any extremely low amount of uncertainty						
Low	Minimalist – 5.1 – 10	Minimalist - Extremely conservative, willing to accept a low amount of uncertainty						
Medium	Cautious – 10.1 – 15	Cautious - Preference for safe delivery, willing to accept a certain amount of uncertainty						
High	Flexible – 15.1 – 20	Flexible - Will take strongly justified risks and expect some uncertainty						
Extreme	Open – 20.1 - 25	Open - Will take justified risks and fully expect and accept uncertainty						





Breaching Your Risk Capacity





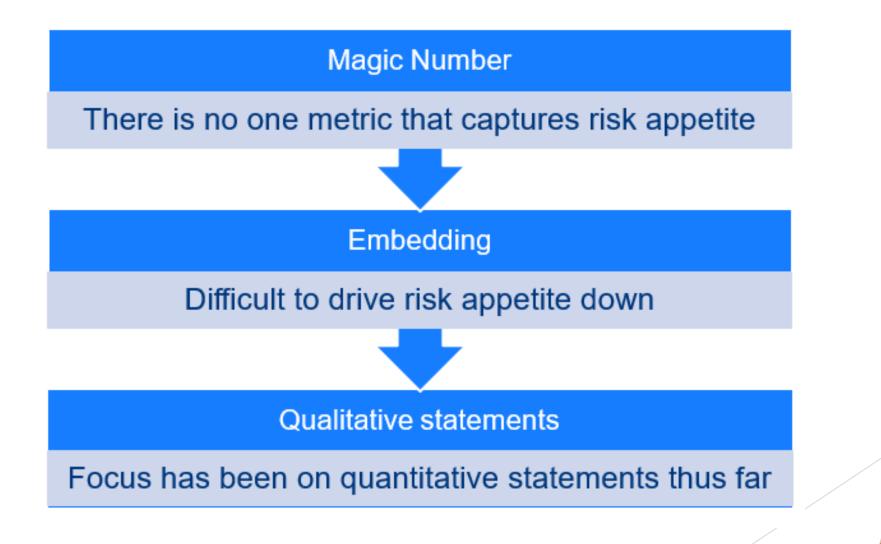
Risk Examples - Category Event Appetite Capacity

SECTOR / CATEGORY / EVENT / APPETITE / CAPACITY

School - Insurance - Accidents - Zero (2)- Medium (13) Nursing Home - Conduct - HIQA - Zero (2)- Low (7) **Rugby / Football Club** - Liquidity - Relegation - Low(2) - Medium (13) Airline - Environmental - Terrorism - Zero - Low Cruise Line - Operational - COVID19 - Zero - Low Farming - Insurance - Weather - Low - Medium **Construction -** Capital - Cashflow - Medium (13) - High (17) Semi State Transport - Strategy - Strike - Low - High High Street Retailer - Market - Online Retail - Medium - Medium Xmas Tree Sales - Business Model - Seasonal - Low - Medium **Funeral Home** - Market - Cure Cancer - High (17) - Extreme (22)



Mapping Risk Appetite to Scoring Matrix





Risk Categories

Governance

Strategy

- Compliance (Legal & Regulatory)
- Operational
- Financial
- Environmental
- Reputational



Risk Appetite Calculation Table

Colour Code	Risk Appetite	Description – Philosophy & Tolerance						
Zero	Averse – 0.1 – 5	Averse - Avoidance of risk is the core objective, unwilling to accept any extremely low amount of uncertainty						
Low	Minimalist – 5.1 – 10	Minimalist - Extremely conservative, willing to accept a low amount of uncertainty						
Medium	Cautious – 10.1 – 15	Cautious - Preference for safe delivery, willing to accept a certain amount of uncertainty						
High	Flexible – 15.1 – 20	Flexible - Will take strongly justified risks and expect some uncertainty						
Extreme	Open – 20.1 - 25	Open - Will take justified risks and fully expect and accept uncertainty						



Worked Example Risk Appetite Table - Aligned to Strategic Plan

Category	Description	Green (Appetite)	Amber (Tolerance)	Red (Capacity)	Internal Monitoring (Key Risk Indicators)	Owner / Frequency	Green (Appetite)	Amber (Tolerance)	Red (Capacity)	Basis
	Projections vs. Actual	2.5% of budget or €xxx	Between 2.5% and 5% of budget or €xxx - €xxx	>5% of budget or >€xxx	Track total or individual %'s	Fin Con / Monthly / CEO report	7.5	Range 5	12.5	
	Expenditure as a % of Income	50%	60%	70%	Track total or individual %'s	Fin Con / Monthly / CEO report	7.5	Range 5	12.5	
Financial	Arrears - A1 ratio from pearls	5%	7%	10%	Track KRI of A1 % Pearls ratios	Fin Con / Qtrly / CEO report	7.5	Range 5	12.5	
Financial	Loans to Asset Ratio	70%	80%	90%	Track KRI of % of total reserves	Fin Con / Qtrly / CEO report	17.5	Range 5	22.5	
	Total Reserves / Total Asset Ratio	15%	14%	13%	Track KRI of % of total reserves	Fin Con / Qtrly / CEO report	7.5	Range 5	12.5	
	Return on Capital Employed	2% of total assets	< 1.5% of total assets	< 1.5% of total assets	Track KRI of ROCE	Fin Con / Qtrly / CEO report	12.5	Range 5	17.5	
Strategic	Strategic Objectives	All Objectives on track	80% Objectives on Track	<80% Objectives on Track	Track KRI of Strategic Objectives	CEO / Qtrly / CEO report	7.5	Range 5	12.5	
	Strategic Tasks	All tasks on track	80% tasks on Track	<80% Objectives on Track	Track KRI of Strategic Tasks	CEO / Qtrly / CEO report	7.5	Range 5	12.5	
Regulatory	Adverse PRISM Inspection findings and receipt of RMP	Compliance No Adverse Findings	Minor non-compliance (procedural / updates)	Adverse findings	Track Open RMPs and Supervisory Expectations Register	CO / Qrtly / CO Report & Breach Register	7.5	Range 5	12.5	
	Fines / Penalties	No appetite	Fine €5,000	Fines > €5,000	Regulatory Correspondence Review	CO / Qrtly / CO Report & Breach Register	2.5	Range 5	7.5	

Failures In Governance & Risk Management can Lead To ...















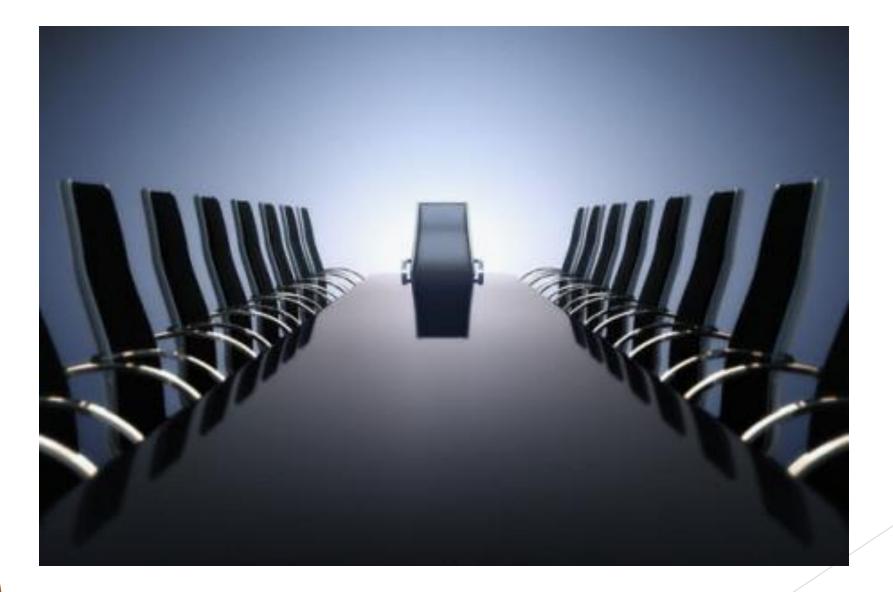








Board of Directors





Thou Shalt Obey Your Prescribed Legislation

Not Maybe or Might!!



Risk Structure for Directors Meetings

What proportion of our time is spent, looking where we want to go ...





Strategic plan Risk report 15% Where have we been?

Management accounts

Management update

10% What others are doing?

Competitive analysis Upstream risk



Directors Risk Responsibilities

S.55.1.E. The appointment of a manager, risk management officer and compliance officer and the approval of the appointment of any other member of their management team

S.55.1.I. Reviewing and approving all elements of the risk management system on a regular basis, but at least annually.

(i) assessing the appropriateness of the risk management system,

(ii) taking account of any changes to the strategic plan including the credit union's resources

or the external environment, and

(iii) taking measures necessary to address any deficiencies identified in the risk management system;

(o) approving, reviewing, and updating, where necessary, but at least annually, all plans, policies and procedures of the credit union, including the following:

(xv) risk management policy;

'3. The Board of directors shall implement a risk management process, that's ensures that all significant risks are identified and mitigated to a level consistent with the risk tolerance of the credit union.



Risk Agena Topic For BOD

Have questions ready to ask CEO or RMO

- What new risks have been added in the period ?
- What risks are growing residually and why?
- ► What Risks Controls are deemed ineffective or partially effective and what are we doing to fix them ?
- What Risks are outside of appetite and why?
- ► What Risks are nearing or outside of capacity and why? What are we doing to mitigate them?
- What are the new Risk Officer Recommendations?
- What is the status of the existing Risk Officer Recommendations?



Develop Risk Management Plan and Checklist







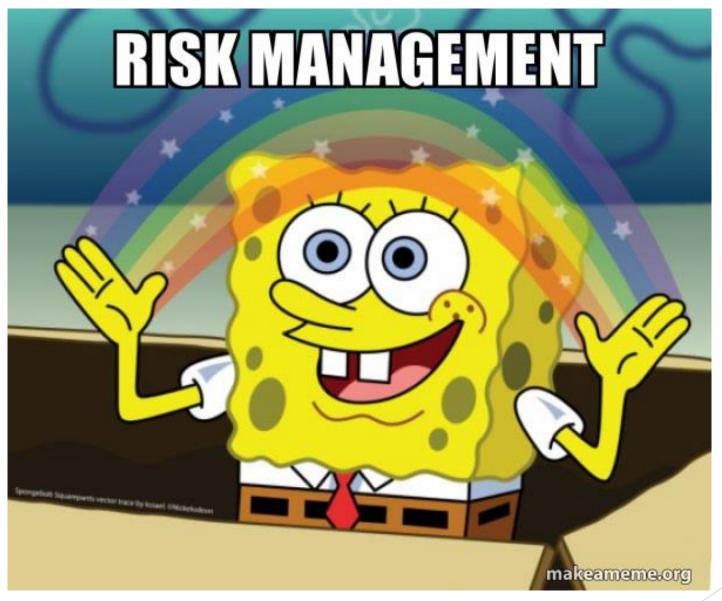
Risk Management Plan - Suggested Sections

- Risk Identification
- Risk Assessment
- Risk Controls
- Risk Reporting
- Risk Recommendation
- Risk Management Policy
- Risk Appetite Statement
- Risk Maturity Assessment

- Risk Management System
- Risk Reserve
- Risk Culture
- Risk Management Officer
- Risk Events / Loss Events
- Risk Governance
- Risk Training



Risk Management Officer (RMO)





Role of the Risk Management Officer

- Ensuring each internal/external risk of the credit union is identified, assessed, reported and monitored and assisting the manager with managing and mitigating those risks
- Advising the board of directors on the risk management policy and process and any deviations from the risk management policy
- Reporting on any significant risk event to the board of directors in a timely manner
- Implementing the risk management system approved by the board of directors
- Maintaining the risk register
- Making monthly reports to the board of directors
- Communicating the risk management policy, process and roles and responsibilities relating to officers of the credit union
- Providing training and support in the area of risk management to officers of the credit union
- Making the necessary <u>information available to the internal audit function</u> to facilitate independent review of the risk management system
- Supporting the board of directors in promoting a culture of risk awareness, identification and management at every level within the credit union



Risk Reporting





Risk Reporting

- Reports should cover the following at a minimum on 2 3 pages:
- significant risks and the effectiveness of systems and controls;
- any <u>risk events</u> that have occurred and the actions taken or proposed to mitigate the risk;
- likely or actual <u>deviations</u> from risk tolerance levels or established systems and controls and should include the timeframe and status of any activities that are proposed to address these;
- any <u>negative trends</u> in higher risk areas and any recommended changes to risk management activities;
- any <u>new risks</u> including their risk assessment, risk rating and systems and controls;
- ▶ any **material emerging risks** and recommended course of action;
- updates on risk management recommendations / actions arising from previous reports



Risk Reporting - Top 10 Residual Risks

Risk Name	Residual	Residual	Trand	Control Effectiveness	Appetite	Capacity	Tolerance	Last Review	Next Review	Status	Open Recommendation s
	Jan	Feb	Trend								
Data Protection	17	17	ţ	Weak	7.5	12.5	Treat	04/10/2019	29/02/2020	Due	2
Business Continuity Plan	5	5	1	Reasonable	2.5	7.5	Accept	30/06/2019	30/06/2020	Reviewed	1
Cyber Security	2	11.5	+	Weak	2.5	5	Treat	19/01/2020	28/02/2020	Due	1
Governance Effectiveness	7	7	ţ	Reasonable	5	7.5	Accept	05/01/2020	30/06/2020	Reviewed	0
Strategic Performance	14	14	ţ	Reasonable	12.5	17.5	Treat	26/08/2019	31/12/2019	Overdue	1
Interest on loans	7	7	ţ	Strong	7.5	12.5	Tolerate	22/12/2019	31/01/2020	Overdue	0
Employment Concerns	2.5	2.5	ţ	Robust	2.5	5	Tolerate	11/11/2019	31/03/2020	Reviewed	0
Brexit	14	12	•	Strong	12.5	17.5	Tolerate	31/01/2020	31/12/2020	Reviewed	0
Competition	5	6	1	Robust	7.5	12.5	Tolerate	22/06/2019	31/03/2020	Reviewed	0
Bad Debts	7	5	+	Reasonable	2.5	7.5	Accept	31/12/2019	31/03/2020	Reviewed	1



Risk Reporting - Key Risk Indicators

Key Risk Indicator	Associated Risk	Score	Score	Score	Trend	Trigger >=	Risk Review Triggered	Review Cycle
		Jan	Feb	Change	incha			
SAR's & Data Incidents	Data Protection	1	0	-1	1	3 SAR's or 3 Data Incidents	N	Mthly
BCP Testing Results	Business Continuity Plan	0	0	0	ţ	1 Element of BCP Fails	N	Mthly
Continuous Vunribility Testing	Cyber Security	4	15	11	+	5 Hacks Monitored	Y	Weekly
Compliance Breach Register	Governance Effectiveness	3	2	-1	•	Increase in Material Breaches	N	Mthly
Strategic MI Reports	Strategic Performance	0	2	2	+	1 Strategic Objectives Failing	Y	Mthly
Monthly Interest on loans €	Interest on loans	3%	-4%	-7%	+	5% Reduction on Projection	Y	Mthly
Staff Movement / Complaints	Employment Concerns	0	0	0	1	2 Staff Complaints PM	N	Mthly
Brexit Sentiment Index	Brexit	51%	50%	-1%	•	10% Reduction on Projection	N	Qtrly
Growth in Loans	Competition	2%	-6%	-8%	+	5% Reduction on Projection	Y	Mthly
Bad Debt Provisioning	Bad Debts	1%	1%	0%	ţ	5% Increase on Projection	N	Mthly
				1				



Risk Reporting

Risk	Sub-Risk	Risk Appetite Level (i.e. Willingness to tolerate risk)
Strategic Risk	Short-term strategicrisk	
	Long-term strategic risk	
	Reputationalrisk	
	Capital Risk How?	~
Liquidity Risk	Short-term liquidity risk Wiry?	
	Long-term liquidity risk	
Credit Risk	Customer credit risk	
Operational Risk	Fraudrisk	
	Internal controls risk	
	Compliancerisk	
	Human capital (HR) Risk	
	IT risk	
Financial Risk	Reporting Integrity risk	
<	Customer concentration risk	
	Supplier concentration risk	
Market Risk	Interest rate risk	
	Currency risk	

Definitions of the above risks can be found in the glossary section.

Symbol	Definition	
	The BOD accepts the impact of potential risk in materializing.	
	The BOD has a moderate appetite to acceptits exposure to risk.	
	The BOD attempts to avoid/limit/mitigate its exposure to risk.	



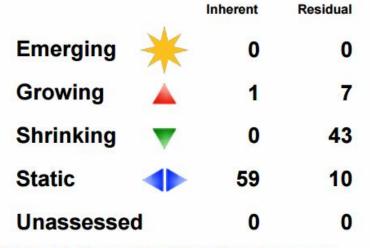
Risk Reporting

	Within appetite	Exceeds appetite	Exceeds capacity
S.6 - Capacity analysis	75	3	1
Inherent credit risk	4	0	0
Liquidity	2	0	0
Inherent operational risk	11	0	0
Quality of controls in operational risk	14	0	0
Financial crime controls	0	2	1
Excess/Marginal capital	3	0	0
Inherent market risk	5	0	0
Board & Committee Quality	7	0	0
Management Quality	10	0	0
Internal Audit Quality	2	0	0
Culture & Compensation	5	0	0
Risk Management Quality	2	0	0
Strategic	4	0	0
Conduct risk controls	0		0
Supervisability & structural complexity	2	0	0
Reinsurance risk/concentration	1	0	0
Inherent risk of products	1	0	0
Quality of controls in credit risk	1	0	0
Concentration of Market risk	1	0	



Risk Reporting





Reviews	completed

Reviews overdue

Reviews completed/overdue are calculated based on last risk/next risk assessment date falling within the reporting period

0



Trend analysis is based on status of risk at date report was generated

Risk Control Performance Review



Internal Control Reporting

S.2 - Summary



Total risks on Consolidated register

17 Risks without controls

- 3 Risks have other controls
- 8 Risks have key controls



Total controls on Consolidated register

First line - Ops Performance

- 0 Late
- 3 Not performing
- 0 Partially performing
- 7 Performing
- 0 Never performed

Second line - Effectiveness

- 1 Review overdue
- 3 Not effective
- 0 Less effective
- 6 Effective
 - Never assessed

WHELAN DOWLING

For shared controls, the total control is the count of distinct controls and may differ to the per risk performance and effectiveness totals.

Control performance and review report (Page 2 of 6)

Internal Control Reporting

S.3 - Control performance

S.3.1 - Controls whose performance is late

No control performances are currently overdue

S.3.2 - Controls which are not performing

Due	Control	Performed by
2022-10-02	Server Upgrade	CEO
2022-11-10	LBR's	CEO
2022-11-24	Due Diligence	CEO

S.3.3 - Controls which are partially performing

No controls were only partially successfully performed.

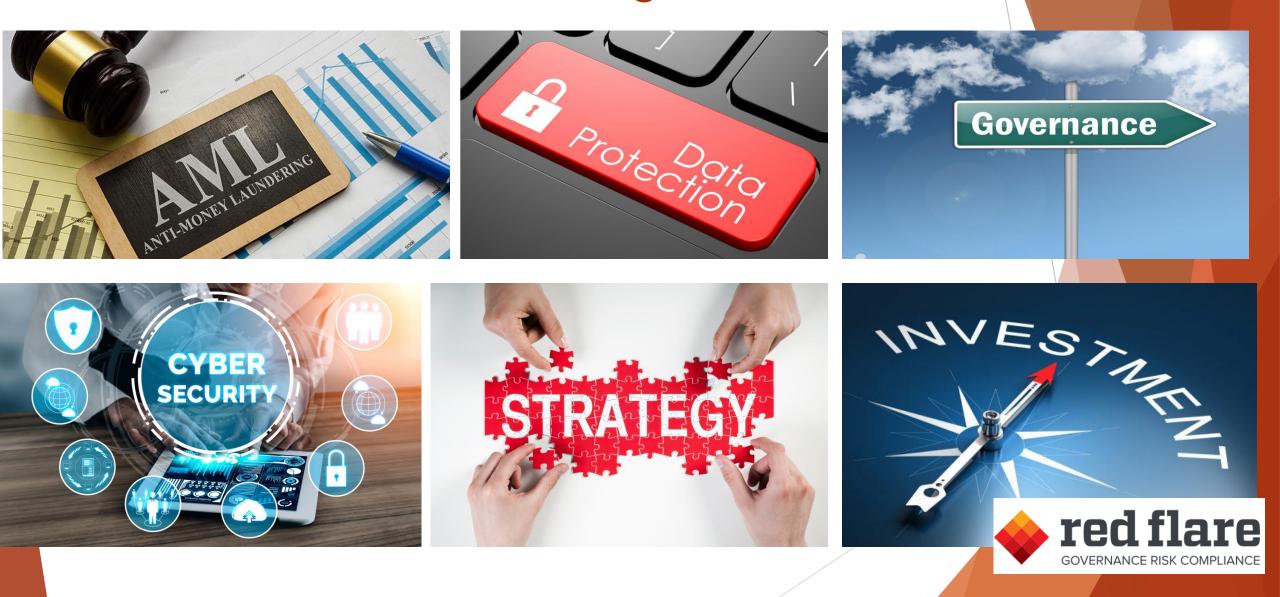
S.3.4 - Controls which are performing

Due	Control	Performed by
2022-09-30	Strategic Plan Review	CEO
2022-10-08	New Control	CEO
2022-10-14	Cash Reconciliation	Financial Controller
2022-10-14	SEEF	Financial Controller
2022-11-22	Payroll Review	Head of Finance
2023-03-14	AML/CTF - Compliance - Breach Resolution	CEO
2023-04-27	SLA Annual Review	CEO

S.3.5 - Controls not performed

No controls were not performed.

Risk Hierarchy - Develop Corporate, Sub and Standalone Risk Registers



Risk Management & Technology





Considerations Risk Systems

- Excel Spreadsheets Size, Version Control, Embedding
- Integrated API's in Risk Systems
- Automatic Notifications
- Audit Trail
- Realtime Reporting Filters, Historic Reporting
- Internal Control Framework
- Cloud vs Prem
- Loss events / incidents / leading indicators
- Bow Tie Risk Management Cause & Consequences
- Risk reporting and documentation
- Value Add Makes Life Easier
- ► GET A DEMO OF RED FLARE!!



TAKEAWAYS



Takeaways

- Develop a Comprehensive Risk Management Plan
- Develop Comprehensive Risk Appetite Statement
- Develop Multiple Risk Registers
- Document, Record & Embed Internal Controls
- Create & Track Key Risk Indicators
- Embed Performance Controls 1st Line (Staff "FLOD")
- Oversight of Performance Controls RMO
- Thematic Board Meetings Risk Centric (Quarterly)
- Align Risk Management to Supervisory Expectations (PRISM Findings)
- Embrace Technology (Red Flare GRC)
- Risk Culture Comes From The Top
- Allocate Owner, Review Period, Type, Tasks, Notifications
- Record BOD Risk Discussion and Challenge
- What Gets Measured Gets Done!!!



QUESTIONS?



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Thank you for your time!

